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Cast Off
A cast off, also called a "bind off", finishes an edge to give a finished, flat, and neat edge to your stitches so that they don't unravel. To cast off, you knit two stitches together and then knit the next stitch into the first stitch. You then pull the first stitch over the second stitch and repeat this process until you have one stitch left. Cut the working yarn and leave a 20cm tail. Then pull the yarn end through the needle and tighten it up.



Stitches name
K knit stitch
P purl stitch

How To Knit A Sock
Make your sock in 2 pieces. The top of the sock is knit on one needle point on the computer. It is 10, 12, or 14 stitches. The heel and toe are knit on 2 needles.



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DIY Knitted Socks Craft Kit Instruction Manual



Kit Includes
• 2 x 25g knitting yarn
• 2 x 2.5mm knitting needles
• 1 x plastic needle
• 1 x instruction sheet

Tip
When turning your work to start a new row, insert the working yarn in hanging downwards, the bottom of the needle.
Create loose stitches by not pulling the yarn too tight.
Always a knitting stitch marker or safety pin at the beginning of the right side row to help remember the right and wrong side of your work.
If pulling your work down and row to pick up again later, ensure the working yarn is attached to a stitch that sits on the right needle.

Basic Knitting Stitch Diagram
Slip Knot
A slip knot is the starting point for knitting and the first stitch of the row. Hold the yarn and bring your hands together to make a loop. Hold the loop in one hand, then take the yarn that sits attached to the yarn loop and bring it across the loop. Pull the yarn through the loop. Place the slip knot on the needle about the yarn tail to tighten.



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Long Tail Cast On
The long tail cast on is a simple and easy way to cast on stitches and has a neat finished edge. Use 20 fingers to come down on the 2 strands of yarn. Use your thumb and index finger to pull open the 2 strands of yarn. Use the thumb to push the bottom of your opposite thumb and pull the needle into the loop on the thumb. For each stitch, hold the needle in the loop and the thumb. Then repeat the process until you have the long tail on the thumb. Pull down on the 2 strands of yarn to tighten the cast on.




Knit Stitch
The knit stitch is the most basic and fundamental stitch in knitting. Insert the right needle into the left needle from the top. Push the right needle into the stitch. Wrap the yarn around the needle back to front. Pull the yarn down and catch the yarn with the left needle. Gently pull the needle down and push the yarn over the right needle. Pull the right needle through the loop and tighten the stitch.




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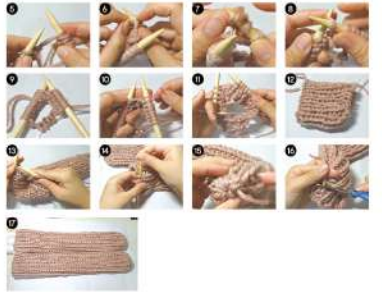
Purl Stitch
The purl stitch is the opposite of the knit stitch. Insert the right needle into the back of the left needle. Push the right needle into the back of the left needle. Wrap the yarn around the needle front to back. Pull the yarn down and catch the yarn with the left needle. Gently pull the needle down and push the yarn over the right needle. Pull the right needle through the loop and tighten the stitch.



Knitting In The Round
Using long tail cast on, knit the circular needle. Turn the finished edge so that it's facing the wrong direction. Insert the left needle into the back of the right needle. Push the right needle into the back of the left needle. Wrap the yarn around the needle front to back. Pull the yarn down and catch the yarn with the left needle. Gently pull the needle down and push the yarn over the right needle. Pull the right needle through the loop and tighten the stitch. Repeat this process until you have the whole round. At the end of the round, slip the number of stitches onto the right needle and keep knitting. After knitting several rounds, you will have a finished tube.




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